**Bone Marking Terminology**

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| **General Description** | **Anatomical Term** | **Definition** |
| **Generic Terms** |  |  |
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| **Processes formed where tendons or ligaments attach** |  |  |
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| **Processes formed for articulation with** **adjacent bones** **(help form joints)** |  |  |
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| **Depressions** |  |  |
| **Openings** |  |  |

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| Foramen | A projection situated above and to the side of a condyle, but not part of the joint |
| Condyle | Distinct, proximal epiphysis on a long bone, separated from the shaft by the neck |
| Tubercle | Rounded bump that usually fits into the fossa of another bone to form a joint |
| Process | Shallow, basin-like depression in a bone, often serving as an articular surface  |
| Body | An opening through a bone that is usually a passageway for blood vessels and nerves  |
| Tuberosity | Generic term for any bony prominence |
| Epicondyle | The main portion of a bone |
| Fossa | Relatively large process found only on the femur |
| Head | Large, rounded, knob-like projection. Usually rough |
| Trochanter | Small, rounded, knob-like projection, generally smaller than a tuberosity.Usually rough |

**Bone Marking Terminology Key**

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